FOOD FROM THOUGHT: **AGRICULTURAL SYSTEMS FOR A HEALTHY PLANET**

Using bioinformatics to examine the impacts of agro-ecosystems on soil ecosystem services

OF THE UNIVERSITY OF GUELPH







CHANGING LIVES IMPROVING LIFE

Meet the Scientific Leadership Team





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Food from Thought

The University of Guelph has received \$76.6 million from the federal government to start a "digital revolution" in food and agriculture.

The government is investing in U of G's Food From Thought research project, which will use high-tech information systems to help produce enough food for a growing human population while sustaining the Earth's ecosystems.

The funding, announced today by Lloyd Longfield, MP for Guelph-Wellington on behalf of Kirsty Duncan, minister of science, will come from the Canada First Research Excellence Fund (CFREF), which supports world-leading research at universities and colleges.

Interdisciplinary teams

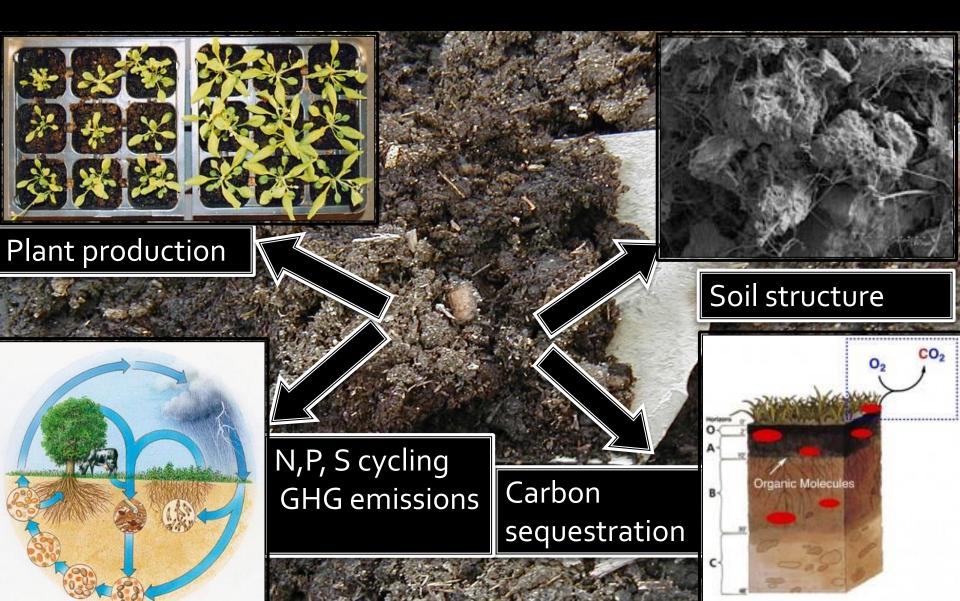


Food from Thought's strength is its interdisciplinary nature.

CFREF & Soil Health

- Food from Thought means producing food while protecting ecosystems, without reducing productivity.
- By conducting environmental monitoring and modelling, U of G will study how to manage agriculture and ecosystem interactions safely, without harming agriculture's productivity or efficiency.

Soil ecosystem services





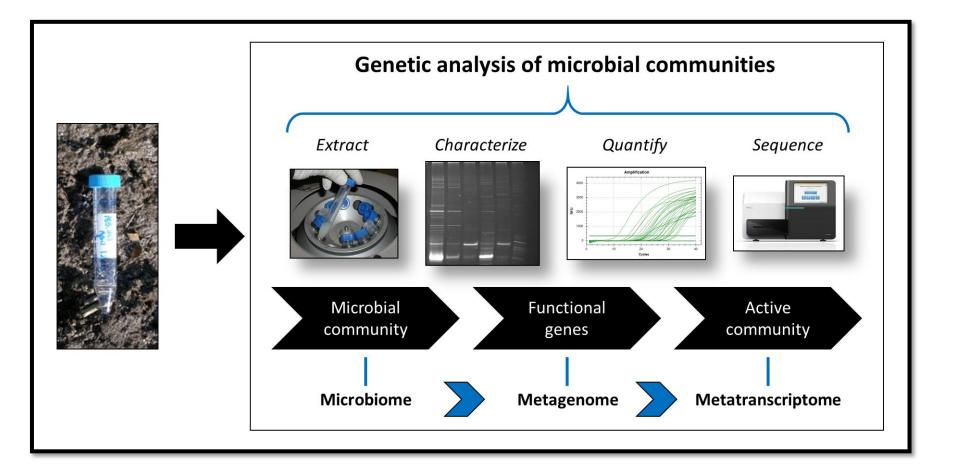
Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

World Soil Day 5 December

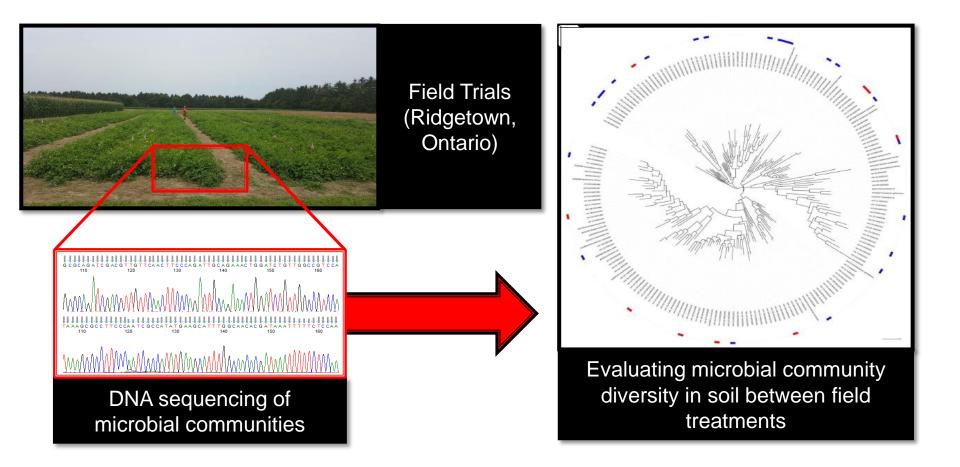




We utilize a variety of advanced, cultureindependent molecular techniques, looking at DNA and RNA, to investigate soil microbial communities.



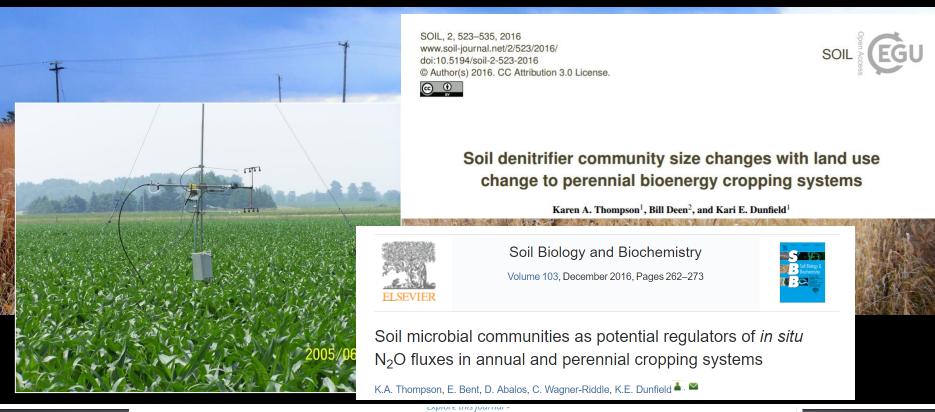
It is believed that a microbially diverse soil is a healthy soil. We aim to better understand the impact of agricultural production practices on the diversity of soil microbial communities, and overall soil health.



What production practices may impact the soil ecosystem?



Shifts from annual and perennial cropping systems



Primary Research Article

Micrometeorological measurements over 3 years reveal differences in N₂O emissions between annual and perennial crops

Diego Abalos 🗠, Shannon E. Brown, Andrew C. Vanderzaag, Robert J. Gordon,

Kari E. Dunfield, Claudia Wagner-Riddle



View issue TOC Volume 22, Issue 3 March 2016 Pages 1244–1255

Removing crop residues and shifting to conservation tillage



Including cover crops in the rotation

Journal of Environmental Quality

TECHNICAL REPORTS

ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY

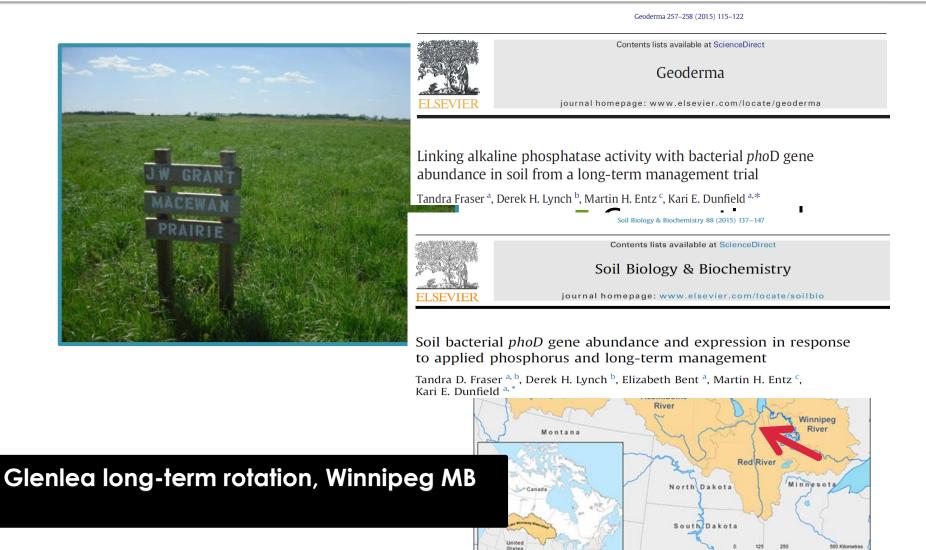
Effects of 30 Years of Crop Rotation and Tillage on Bacterial and Archaeal Ammonia Oxidizers

Jake W. Munroe, Ian McCormick, William Deen, and Kari E. Dunfield*

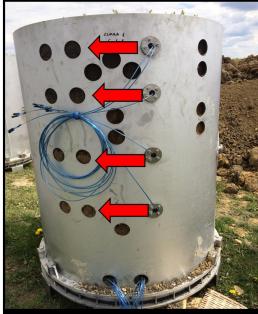
Laura VanEerd, Ridgetown, Long term cover crop trial



Organic production systems



We will monitor how soil bacterial diversity and key bacterial functional groups involved in nitrogen and phosphorus turnover influence soil health and resilience under different crop rotations, soil types and under warming/thawing conditions.



Soil sampled from a lysimeter at increasing depths for microbial analysis



Comparing soil bacteria associated with soybeans grown in sandy vs. silty loam

Thank-you!

Contact Information:



Kari E. Dunfield

dunfield@uoguelph.ca

🄰 <u>@karidunfield</u>



https://www.uoguelph.ca/crc/dunfield/



